WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2022 REGULAR SESSION

Committee Substitute

for

Senate Bill 655

By Senators Takubo, Hamilton, Maynard, Phillips,
Smith, Stollings, Tarr, Weld, Lindsay, Maroney,
Roberts, and Woodrum

[Originating in the Committee on Health and Human Resources; reported on February 25, 2022]

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A BILL to amend and reenact §30-29-3 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend said code by adding thereto a new article, designated §30-43-1, §30-43-2, and §30-43-3, all relating to tactical medical professionals; defining terms; authorizing creation of training and certification requirements; authorizing tactical medical professional to carry firearms; and protecting from civil or criminal liability.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 29. LAW ENFORCEMENT TRAINING AND CERTIFICATION.

§30-29-3. Duties of the subcommittee.

- (a) The subcommittee shall, by or pursuant to rules proposed for legislative approval in accordance with §29A-3-1 *et seq.* of this code:
 - (1) Provide funding for the establishment and support of law enforcement training academies in the state;
 - (2) Establish standards governing the establishment and operation of the law-enforcement training academies, including regional locations throughout the state, in order to provide access to each law-enforcement agency in the state in accordance with available funds;
 - (3) Establish minimum law-enforcement instructor qualifications;
 - (4) Certify qualified law-enforcement instructors;
 - (5) Maintain a list of approved law-enforcement instructors;
 - (6) Promulgate standards governing the training, firearms qualification, and initial and ongoing professional certification of law-enforcement officers and the entry-level, law-enforcement training curricula. These standards shall require satisfactory completion of a minimum of 800 classroom hours as promulgated by legislative rule and shall provide that the required classroom hours shall be accumulated on the basis of a full-time curricula;
- (7) Establish standards governing in-service, law-enforcement officer training curricula and in-service supervisory level training curricula;

- (8) Certify organized criminal enterprise investigation techniques with a qualified anti-racial
 profiling training course or module;
 - (9) Establish standards governing mandatory training to effectively investigate organized criminal enterprises as defined in §61-13-1 *et seq.* of this code while preventing racial profiling, as defined in §30-29-10 of this code, for entry-level training curricula and for law-enforcement officers who have not received such training as certified by the subcommittee as required in this section;
 - (10) Establish procedures for implementation of a course in investigation of organized criminal enterprises which includes an anti-racial training module to be available on the Internet or otherwise to all law-enforcement officers. The procedures shall include the frequency with which a law-enforcement officer shall receive training in investigation of organized criminal enterprises and anti-racial profiling and a time frame for which all law-enforcement officers must receive such training: *Provided*, That all law-enforcement officers in this state shall receive such training no later than July 1, 2012. In order to implement and carry out the intent of this section, the subcommittee may promulgate emergency rules pursuant to §29A-3-15 of this code;
 - (11) Certify, or decertify, or reactivate law-enforcement officers, as provided in §30-29-5 and §30-29-11 of this code;
 - (12) Establish standards and procedures for the reporting of complaints and certain disciplinary matters concerning law-enforcement officers and for reviewing the certification of law-enforcement officers. These standards and procedures shall provide for preservation of records and access to records by law-enforcement agencies and conditions as to how the information in those records is to be used regarding an officer's law-enforcement employment by another law-enforcement agency:
 - (A) The subcommittee shall establish and manage a database that is available to all lawenforcement agencies in the state concerning the status of any person's certification.

- 43 (B) Personnel or personal information not resulting in a criminal conviction is exempt from 44 disclosure pursuant to the provisions of chapter 29B of this code;
 - (13) Seek supplemental funding for law-enforcement training academies from sources other than the fees collected pursuant to §30-29-4 of this code;
 - (14) Any responsibilities and duties as the Legislature may, from time to time, see fit to direct to the subcommittee:
 - (15) Establish standards and procedures for initial and ongoing training for lawenforcement officers responsible for investigating sexual assault cases involving adult victims. This training shall include instruction on:
 - (A) The neurobiology of trauma;
 - (B) Trauma-informed interviewing; and
 - (C) Investigative techniques;
 - (16) Submit, on or before September 30 of each year, to the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Delegates, the President of the Senate, and, upon request, to any individual member of the Legislature, a report on its activities during the previous year, and an accounting of funds paid into and disbursed from the special revenue account established pursuant to §30-29-4 of this code;
 - (17) Develop and promulgate rules for state, county, and municipal law-enforcement officers, law-enforcement agencies, and communications and emergency operations centers that dispatch law-enforcement officers with regard to the identification, investigation, reporting, and prosecution of suspected child abuse and neglect: *Provided*, That such rules and procedures must be consistent with the priority criteria prescribed by generally applicable department procedures; and
 - (18) Make recommendations to the Governor's Committee on Crime, Delinquency, and Correction for legislation related to the subcommittee's duties and responsibilities, or for research

or studies by the Division of Administrative Services on topics related to the subcommittee's duties and responsibilities; and

- (19) Promulgate standards governing the training, firearms qualification, and initial and ongoing professional certification of a tactical medical professional, as defined in §30-43-1 of this code, on or before January 1, 2023. This training program shall include awarding a certificate upon successful completion of the program that qualifies the tactical medical professional to carry a firearm while on duty.
- (b) In addition to the duties authorized and established by this section, the subcommittee may:
- (1) Establish training to effectively investigate human trafficking offenses as defined in §61-2-1 *et seq.* of this code for entry-level training curricula and for law-enforcement officers who have not received such training as certified by the committee as required by this section; and
- (2) Establish procedures for the implementation of a course in investigation of human trafficking offenses. The course may include methods of identifying and investigating human trafficking and methods for assisting trafficking victims. In order to implement and carry out the intent of this subdivision, the committee may promulgate emergency rules pursuant to §29A-3-15 of this code.
- (c) Notwithstanding any provision of this code to the contrary, the subcommittee may deny an application for the establishment of a new law-enforcement training academy if it is determined by the subcommittee that no actual need exists for the establishment of additional law-enforcement training academies to meet the needs of existing law-enforcement agencies in the state.

ARTICLE 43. TACTICAL MEDICAL PROFESSIONALS.

§30-43-1. Definitions.

"Tactical medical professional" means a person who is an emergency medical service personnel, as defined in §16-4C-1 et seg. of this code, a nurse as licensed in §30-7-1 et seg. of

- 3 this code, a physician as licensed in §30-3-1 et seq. or §30-14-1 et seq. of this code, or a physician
- 4 <u>assistant license pursuant to §30-3E-1 et seq. of this code who is trained and certified in a</u>
- 5 nationally-recognized tactical medical training program that is equivalent to tactical combat
- 6 casualty care and tactical emergency medical support, and who functions in the tactical or austere
- 7 <u>environment while attached to a law-enforcement agency of either this state or a political</u>
- 8 <u>subdivision of this state.</u>

§30-43-2. Tactical medical professional may carry firearm.

- 1 (a) A tactical medical professional may carry firearms while on duty in the same manner,
- 2 to the same extent, and in the same areas as a law-enforcement officer of the law-enforcement
- 3 agency the tactical medical professional is serving, if:
- 4 (1) The law-enforcement agency the tactical medical professional is serving has
- 5 specifically authorized the professional to carry firearms while on duty; and
- 6 (2) The tactical medical professional has been awarded a certificate by the Law
- 7 Enforcement Professional Standards Subcommittee of the Governor's Committee on Crime,
- 8 Delinquency, and Correction as provided for in §30-29-3 of this code, which certificate attests to
- 9 satisfactory completion of a law-enforcement training program that qualifies the tactical medical
- 10 professional to carry firearms while on duty.

§30-43-3. Tactical medical professional protection from civil or criminal liability.

- 1 A tactical medical professional to whom this article applies and who is carrying one or
- 2 more firearms under authority of this article has protection from potential civil or criminal liability
- 3 for any conduct occurring while carrying the firearm or firearms to the same extent a law-
- 4 enforcement officer of the law-enforcement agency the tactical medical professional is serving
- 5 <u>has such protection.</u>